Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020



Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	3-4
Financial Statements	
Statements of Financial Position	5
Statements of Activities	6-7
Statements of Functional Expenses	8-9
Statements of Cash Flows	10
Notes to Financial Statements	11-29



Tel: 301-354-2500 Fax: 301-354-2501 www.bdo.com 12505 Park Potomac Avenue Suite 700

Potomac, MD 20854

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees

University of Maryland Baltimore Foundation, Inc.
Baltimore, Maryland

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the **University of Maryland Baltimore Foundation**, **Inc.** (the "Foundation" or "UMBF"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Foundation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or available to be issued.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

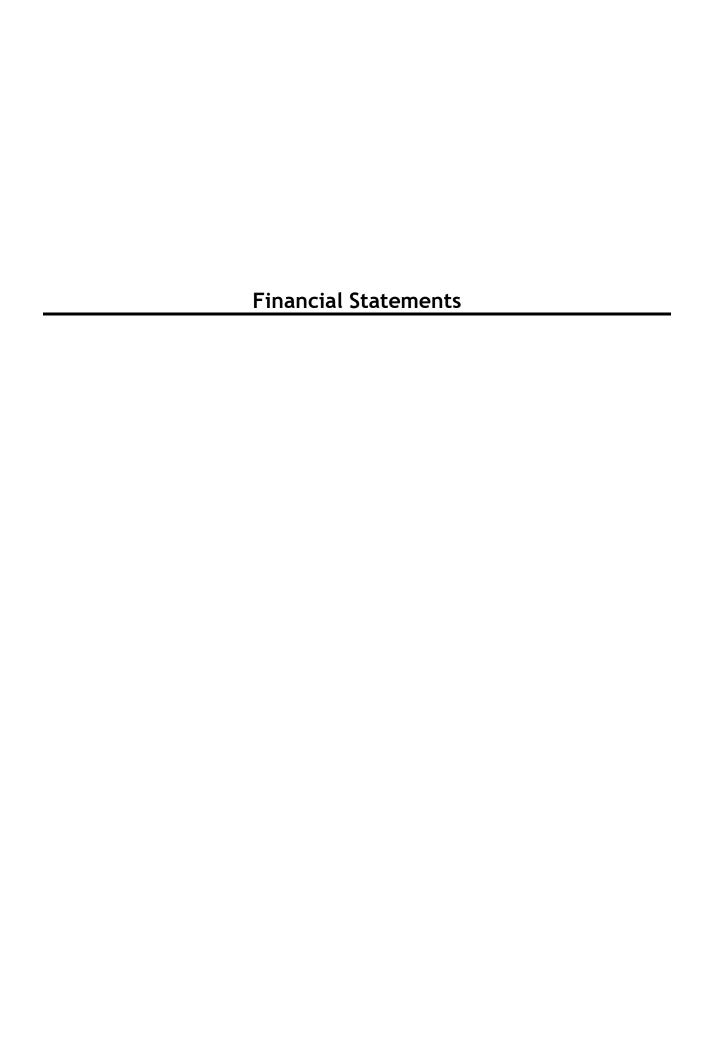
In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

BDO USA, LLP

October 19, 2021



Statements of Financial Position

<u>June</u> 30,	2021	2020
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,186,787	\$ 2,952,269
Due from other foundations	22,296	18,204
Prepaid expenses Contributions receivable, net - current portion	92,051 26,476,512	32,803 24,378,967
Total current assets	29,777,646	27,382,243
Total current assets	29,777,040	27,302,243
Investments		
Endowment	301,327,289	230,525,296
Operating	82,296,953	77,589,321
Total investments	383,624,242	308,114,617
Other assets		
Contributions receivable, net - non-current portion	19,132,192	11,080,039
Assets held under split-interest agreements	3,863,777	3,418,265
Other assets	1,582,472	1,582,472
	.,,	.,002, 2
Total other assets	24,578,441	16,080,776
Total assets	\$ 437,980,329	\$ 351,577,636
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,995,661	\$ 1,872,018
Other liabilities		
Payable under split-interest agreements	2,298,669	2,202,594
Total liabilities	4,294,330	4,074,612
Commitments and contingencies		
Mak assats		
Net assets Without donor restrictions	44 744 050	44 22 4 200
With depar restrictions	46,761,050	44,324,298
With donor restrictions	386,924,949	303,178,726
Total net assets	433,685,999	347,503,024
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 437,980,329	\$ 351,577,636

Statement of Activities

	\ \ /-	ithout Donor		With Donor		
Year ended June 30, 2021	Restrictions			Restrictions		Total
Revenues						
Contributions and grants	\$	4,205,998	\$	41,020,121	\$	45,226,119
Investment return, net	*	1,568,713	•	61,496,489	•	63,065,202
Other program income		206,002		-		206,002
Net assets released from restrictions		18,770,387		(18,770,387)		-
Total revenues		24,751,100		83,746,223		108,497,323
Expenses						
Program services						
Campus programs		10,619,002		_		10,619,002
Student and faculty support		6,905,003		_		6,905,003
Research		1,513,907		-		1,513,907
Capital projects		744,047		-		744,047
Total program services		19,781,959		-		19,781,959
Supporting services						
General and administrative		2,239,980		_		2,239,980
Fundraising		292,409		-		292,409
Total supporting services		2,532,389		-		2,532,389
Total expenses		22,314,348		-		22,314,348
Change in net assets		2,436,752		83,746,223	_	86,182,975
Net assets, beginning of year		44,324,298		303,178,726		347,503,024
Net assets, end of year	\$	46,761,050	\$	386,924,949	\$	433,685,999
			-			

Statement of Activities

	Without Donor With Donor				
Year ended June 30, 2020	R	<u>estrictions</u>		Restrictions	Total
Revenues					
Contributions and grants	\$	5,020,011	\$	21,431,422	\$ 26,451,433
Investment return, net		1,872,268		1,196,383	3,068,651
Other program income Net assets released from restrictions		454,964 20,073,129		(20,073,129)	454,964
Net assets reteased from restrictions		20,073,129		(20,073,127)	
Total revenues		27,420,372		2,554,676	29,975,048
Expenses					
Program services					
Campus programs		10,617,394		-	10,617,394
Student and faculty support		7,000,591		-	7,000,591
Research		1,654,862		-	1,654,862
Capital projects		3,169,034		-	3,169,034
Total program services		22,441,881		-	22,441,881
Supporting services					
General and administrative		2,251,399		-	2,251,399
Fundraising		1,153,586		-	1,153,586
Total supporting services		3,404,985		-	3,404,985
Total expenses		25,846,866		-	25,846,866
Change in net assets		1,573,506		2,554,676	4,128,182
Net assets, beginning of year		42,750,792		300,624,050	343,374,842
Net assets, end of year	\$	44,324,298	\$	303,178,726	\$ 347,503,024

Statement of Functional Expenses

		P	rogram Service	s		Su			
Year Ended June 30, 2021	Campus Programs	Student and Faculty Support	Research	Capital Projects	Total Program Services	General and Administrative	Fundraising	Total Supporting Services	Total Expenses
Grant expense	\$ 8,267,441	\$ 6,874,052	\$ 1,454,950	\$ 586,952	\$ 17,183,395	\$ 413	\$ -	\$ 413	\$ 17,183,808
Salary and fringe expense	-	-	-	-	-	1,750,282	-	1,750,282	1,750,282
Equipment rentals, repairs									
and maintenance	1,122,136	4,202	(1,790)	147,925	1,272,473	46,496	55,524	102,020	1,374,493
Office expense and IT costs	390,618	4,008	12,002	9,000	415,628	127,404	64,152	191,556	607,184
Advertising and promotion	447,988	6,801	99	-	454,888	27,677	23,449	51,126	506,014
Conferences, conventions									
and meetings	170,247	15,304	16,947	-	202,498	9,451	5,255	14,706	217,204
Consultants	107,664	-	-	-	107,664	73,035	13,736	86,771	194,435
Printing and publications	62,648	136	14,317	-	77,101	9,617	100,252	109,869	186,970
Professional fees	3,200	-	-	-	3,200	108,506	-	108,506	111,706
Taxes, insurances and bank fees	3,405	-	442	-	3,847	86,871	1,796	88,667	92,514
Bad debt expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,186	28,186	28,186
Other expenses	24,000	-	-	-	24,000	165	-	165	24,165
Travel	11,221	-	10,456	-	21,677	63	59	122	21,799
Research	8,434	500	6,484	170	15,588	-	-	-	15,588
Total expenses	\$ 10,619,002	\$ 6,905,003	\$ 1,513,907	\$ 744,047	\$ 19,781,959	\$ 2,239,980	\$ 292,409	\$ 2,532,389	\$ 22,314,348

Statement of Functional Expenses

	Program Services Supporting Services						es					
Year Ended June 30, 2020	Campus Programs	S	itudent and Faculty Support	Research	Capital Projects		Total Program Services	Seneral and inistrative	Fur	ndraising	Total Supporting Services	Total Expenses
Grant expense Salary and fringe expense	\$ 5,630,20	7 \$	6,845,718	\$ 1,483,236	\$ 3,044,869	\$	17,004,030	\$ - 1,735,889	\$	4,076	\$ 4,076 1,735,889	\$ 17,008,106 1,735,889
Equipment rentals, repairs								1,733,007			1,733,007	1,733,007
and maintenance	1,406,44	8	47,966	49,302	113,632		1,617,348	31,709		25,266	56,975	1,674,323
Office expense and IT costs	520,10		3,981	8,385	10,533		543,007	114,475		68,060	182,535	725,542
Advertising and promotion	546,36	4	5,073	1,389	-		552,826	23,658		35,491	59,149	611,975
Conferences, conventions												
and meetings	1,627,50	4	63,107	47,091	-		1,737,702	31,946		103,516	135,462	1,873,164
Consultants	382,18	3	2,301	2,133	-		386,617	72,922		44,038	116,960	503,577
Printing and publications	188,58	6	10,526	1,882	-		200,994	29,691		130,620	160,311	361,305
Professional fees	6,03	6	-	-	-		6,036	127,942		-	127,942	133,978
Taxes, insurances and bank fees	95,35	6	-	446	-		95,802	71,897		1,809	73,706	169,508
Bad debt expense		-	-	-	-		-	-		738,392	738,392	738,392
Other expenses	39,41	9	-	-	-		39,419	863		-	863	40,282
Travel	122,13	0	7,019	42,231	-		171,380	10,407		2,318	12,725	184,105
Research	53,05	3	14,900	18,767			86,720	-		-	-	86,720
Total expenses	\$ 10,617,39	4 \$	7,000,591	\$ 1,654,862	\$ 3,169,034	\$	22,441,881	\$ 2,251,399	\$	1,153,586	\$ 3,404,985	\$ 25,846,866

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30,	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities	¢ 07 400 07E	Ċ 4420.402
Change in net assets	\$ 86,182,975	\$ 4,128,182
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to cash		
used in operating activities:	(40.202.504)	(44,007,3(4)
Contributions restricted for long-term investment	(18,392,594)	(11,907,366)
Net realized and unrealized (gains) losses on investments	(58,172,472)	1,922,775
Write off uncollectible contributions receivable	1,166,648	174,533
Accretion of discount on contributions receivable	101,164	1,421,209
Change in allowance for contributions receivable	28,186	738,392
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Due from other foundations	(4,092)	813
Prepaid expenses	(59,248)	(18,091)
Contributions receivable	(11,445,696)	3,026,602
Assets held under split-interest agreements	(445,512)	(576,202)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	123,643	617,098
Net cash used in operating activities	(916,998)	(472,055)
Cash flows from investing activities	(46, 400, 407)	(44 004 700)
Purchases of investments	(46,190,107)	(41,886,723)
Sales of investments	28,852,954	30,621,198
Not such as a literature and the lateral	(47 227 452)	(44 245 525)
Net cash used in investing activities	(17,337,153)	(11,265,525)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from contributions restricted for long-term investments	18,392,594	11,907,366
Payable under split-interest agreements	• •	
Payable under spill-interest agreements	96,075	506,039
Net cash provided by financing activities	18,488,669	12,413,405
Het cash provided by finalicing activities	10,400,009	12,413,403
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	234,518	675,825
increase in cash and cash equivalents	234,310	073,023
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,952,269	2,276,444
Cash and Cash California, Seguining of year	<u></u>	2,270,114
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,186,787	\$ 2,952,269
The accompanying notes are an integral		

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Nature of Operations

The University of Maryland Baltimore Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation" or "UMBF"), an independent Foundation incorporated in 2000, is established to receive, manage, and invest private gifts and/or property for the benefit of the University of Maryland, Baltimore ("UMB") and its related programs and supporting activities.

2. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Foundation are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) and have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and short-term investments with maturities at dates of purchase of three months or less are classified as cash equivalents, except that any such investments purchased, with funds held in trusts or by external endowment investment managers are classified with investments, respectively. Cash equivalents include short-term U.S. Treasury securities and other short-term, highly liquid investments and are carried at cost, which approximates market value.

Valuation of Investments

The Foundation carries its investments at market value to the extent that market quotations are readily available and reliable. To the extent that market quotations are not available or are considered to be unreliable, fair value is estimated by the investment manager under the general oversight of the Board of Trustees of the Foundation after consideration of factors considered to be relevant, including but not limited to, the type of investment, position size, marketability, (or absence thereof) cost, restrictions on transfer, and available quotations of similar instruments. Due to the uncertainty inherent in the valuation process such estimates of fair value may differ significantly from values that would have been obtained had a ready market for investments existed, and the differences could be material. Additionally, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the valuations currently assigned. There is no single standard for determining fair value in good faith, as fair value depends upon circumstances of each individual case. In general, fair value is the amount that the Foundation might reasonably expect to receive upon the current sale of the investment in an arms-length transaction in the investment's principal market.

The change in net unrealized gains or losses on investment securities is reflected in investment return and net in the statements of activities. All gains and losses arising from the sale, collection, or other disposition of investments are accounted for on a specific identification basis calculated as of the transaction date. For endowment assets, substantially all of which are held in a pool, investment gains or losses are distributed monthly among the individual endowment funds on the basis of the number of units of the pool held by each individual endowment account. Refer to note 4 for further detail on valuation of investments.

Notes to Financial Statements

Contributions Receivable

Unconditional promises to give with payments due in future periods are reported as support with donor restrictions when the funds are pledged. Amounts due are recorded at the net realizable value discounted using a rate of return that a market participant would expect to receive over the payment period at the date the pledge is received. An allowance for uncollectible pledges is recorded for pledges which may become uncollectible in future periods. Amounts deemed to be uncollectible have been written off. The contributions receivable balance is based on management's best estimate of the amounts expected to be collected. The amounts the Foundation will ultimately realize could differ from the amounts assumed in arriving at the present value and allowance for doubtful accounts. The Foundation's policy is to write-off specifically identified contributions receivable that are deemed to be uncollectible.

Split-Interest Agreements

The Foundation also receives contributions in the form charitable gift annuities and charitable remainder unitrusts, for which the Foundation acts as trustee and holds the assets. When the trust's obligations to all beneficiaries expire, the remaining assets revert to the Foundation to be used according to the donor's wishes.

The Foundation recognizes the estimated fair value of these agreements as contributions receivable and revenue from those trusts where the Foundation is not the trustee. Where the Foundation is the trustee, the estimated fair value is recognized as an asset. The fair value of the distributions, expected to be paid over the term of the trust agreements, is recorded as a liability and the difference is recorded as contribution revenue.

Amortization of the related discount and revaluation of expected cash flows are recognized as changes in the value of split-interest agreements in the year in which they occur.

The Foundation recognizes a liability for the portion of the proceeds under the split-interest agreements to be paid to beneficiaries under the terms of the agreements. The estimated annual liabilities expected terms are based on Internal Revenue Service (IRS) actuarial tables. The discount rates used to compute the present value of these payables are the original discount rates used at the time of the gift under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 7520 and range from 1.0% to 6.2%.

Contributions and Grants

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized in the period received. Contributions received are considered to be available for use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are designated for a future period, or are restricted by the donor for specific purposes, are reported as support with donor restrictions.

Contributions for which donors have stipulated restrictions, but which are met within the same reporting period, are reported as support without donor restriction.

The Foundation reports gifts of land, buildings, and equipment as support without donor restrictions unless explicit donor stipulations specify how the donated assets must be used. Gifts of long-lived assets with explicit restrictions that specify how the assets are to be used are reported as support with donor restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements

Unconditional promises to give with payments due in future periods are reported as donor restricted support. Amounts outstanding are recording at the net realizable value discounted based on the period of future payment, using a rate of return that a market participant would expect to receive at the date the pledge is received.

Conditional promises to give are recognized as revenue when conditions on which they depend have been substantially met. Refer to note 8 for discussion of conditional promises to give.

Contributions of Real and Personal Property

The Foundation receives various contributions of noncash items. It is the Foundation's policy to record the assets not intended for sale at the fair market value at the date of the gift. These assets are held for investment purposes and are not depreciated. They are included in "Other Assets" in the accompanying statements of financial position.

Classification of Net Assets

The Foundation classifies its net assets into two categories: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions

Net assets without donor restrictions are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions. These net assets generally result from providing services and receiving contributions without donor restrictions, less expenses incurred in providing services, raising contributions, and performing administrative functions.

These net assets also include board designated net assets, these amounts are not subject to donor restriction and are designated by the Board for a specific use.

Net assets with donor restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to stipulations imposed by donors. These net assets generally result from contributions and other inflows of assets, the use of which is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that either expire by passage of time or can be fulfilled and removed by actions of the Foundation pursuant to those stipulations. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the Foundation to use the income earned on related investments for general or specific purposes.

When a donor restriction expires as a result of a stipulated time restriction ending or purpose restriction being accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the accompanying statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements

Expenses

The Foundation expends certain funds considered as general and administrative, in nature. These funds are either on behalf of UMB or its related programs and supporting activities or for the Foundation's business operations and have been classified as such.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing various program and supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. The statements of functional expenses present the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, costs have been directly charged to the programs and supporting services benefited. Program expenses are in support of UMB's institution or department or program activity. General and administrative expenses relate to operation of accounting office of the Foundation, including the salary reimbursement to UMB. Fundraising expenses support fundraising initiatives and activities throughout the Foundation's campus. See Note 12 for the program and supporting service descriptions.

Administrative Fees

The Foundation management designates investments from all net asset classes into operating and endowment categories. Administrative fees are charged as follows:

Investments-Operating

The Foundation's operating investment reserve fund was charged 0.8% of the average monthly total operating investment fund balance, in support of Foundation operating expenses. This reserve fund was also charged 0.8% of the average balance to be used at the discretion of the President of the University of Maryland, Baltimore. The Foundation pays 0.35% of the market value to the University System of Maryland Foundation, Inc. ("USMF") for current use fund investment management services in accordance with the terms of an investment management agreement.

Investments-Endowment

Professional investment fees are deducted by the investment manager prior to the distribution of income. In addition, UMBF annually assesses each endowment account a fee for endowment operating and administrative expenses at the rate of 1.25% based on the market value as of December 31 of the previous fiscal year. Also, from each endowment account, USMF deducts a fee of 0.35% annually based on the market value as of December 31 of the previous fiscal year towards endowment assessment and investment office fees in accordance with the terms of an investment management agreement.

Income Taxes

The Foundation is organized and operated exclusively for charitable and educational purposes within the meaning of the provisions of section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. A review of activities for 2021 concluded that the Foundation had no material unrelated business income, no provision for income tax was made for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements

U.S. GAAP requires management to evaluate tax positions taken by the Foundation and recognize a tax liability (or asset) if the Foundation has taken an uncertain position that more likely than not would not be sustained upon examination by the Internal Revenue Service. Management has analyzed the tax positions taken by the Foundation and has concluded that as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, there are no uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability (or asset) or disclosure in the financial statements. Therefore, no asset or liability has been recorded as of June 30, 2021 or 2020 for uncertain tax positions. The Foundation is subject to routine audits by taxing jurisdictions, however, there are currently no audits for any tax periods in process.

Risks and Uncertainties

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) announced a new strain of coronavirus. As a result of the risks to the international community as the virus has spread globally beyond its point of origin, on March 11, 2020 the WHO declared the novel coronavirus a global pandemic.

The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak on the operational and financial performance of the Foundation will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak. COVID-19 presents potential material adverse uncertainty and risk with respect to the Foundation, its performance, and its financial results. The Foundation's core operations are not funded by contribution revenue, thus potential declines in contributions as a result of the pandemic will not have a negative impact on the Foundation.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the fair value of non-traditional investments and the net realizable value of accounts and contributions receivable. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounting Pronouncement Adopted

In August 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. The update modifies certain disclosure requirements in Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. The Foundation adopted this update during the year ended June 30, 2021. The adoption of this standard resulted in the following changes: 1) the level 3 investment rollforward was eliminated and replaced with a disclosure of level 3 purchases and sales, 2) the disclosure of the policy for timing of transfer between levels was removed, 3) the disclosure of the valuation process for level 3 fair value measures was removed.

Notes to Financial Statements

Accounting Pronouncements to be Adopted

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). This update, along with ASU 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842: Leases, ASU 2018-11, Leases (Topic 842): Targeted Improvements and ASU 2018-20, Leases (Topic 842): Narrow-Scope Improvements for Lessors, establishes a comprehensive leasing standard. These updates require the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position and disclosure of key information about leasing arrangements for lessees and lessors. The new standard applies a right-of-use (ROU) model that requires, for leases with a lease term of more than 12 months, an asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term and a liability to make lease payments to be recorded. The guidance also expands the required quantitative and qualitative lease disclosures as well as provides entities with an additional (and optional) transition method to adopt the new standard. The ASU is effective for the Foundation's fiscal year 2022. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this ASU on their financial statements.

3. Liquidity and Availability of Resources

Financial assets available for general expenditures, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statement of financial position date consist of the following:

June 30,	2021	2020
Cash and cash equivalents Investments - operating	\$ 3,186,787 \$ 82,296,953	2,952,269 77,589,321
Total financial assets available within one year	85,483,740	80,541,590
Less: Amounts unavailable for general expenditures with one year, due to:		
School/Unit/UMB Designated operating funds Board Designated Net Assets - other scholarship	(75,042,193)	(69,164,126)
matching funds	(2,927,331)	(2,592,626)
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general	7.544.046.6	0.704.000
expenditures within one year	\$ 7,514,216 \$	8,784,838

The Foundation manages its liquid resources in order to meet the spending needs of the University's respective schools and the UMB Foundation annual operational expenditures as authorized by the board. The investment-operating portfolio is managed in accordance with the USMF investment policy, with 100% allocation to Safe Assets.

The majority (approximately 88% for 2021 and 86% for 2020) of financial resources available within one year of the date of the statement of financial position is under direction of the university schools. The balance consists of board approved Foundation general operational expenses, board designated funds (i.e. scholarship match), and the board's discretionary funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

4. Fair Value Measurements

FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Fair Value Measurement (820) defines fair value, requires disclosure about fair value, and establishes a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the inputs to the valuations of an asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The three-level hierarchy classifies the inputs used to determine fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical investments as of the reporting date. The type of investments included in this category included listed equities and listed mutual funds.

Level 2: Pricing inputs including market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, provided by multiple, independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. Investments which are generally included in this category include less liquid and restricted equity securities and fixed income securities.

Level 3: Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant judgment or estimation. Investments that are included in this category generally include investments in private equity and investment funds as well as off-shore hedge funds.

An investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. However, the determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgment on the part of the Foundation. The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the investment and does not necessarily correspond to the perceived risk of that investment.

Some of the Foundation's investments may be illiquid and the Foundation may not be able to vary the portfolio in response to changes in economic and other conditions. Some of the investments that are purchased and sold are traded in private, unregistered transactions and are therefore subject to restrictions on resale or otherwise have no established trading market. In addition, if the Foundation is required to liquidate all or a portion of its portfolio quickly, the Foundation may realize significantly less than the value at which it previously recorded those investments.

The Foundation reports certain investments using the net asset value (NAV) per share as determined by investment managers under the so called "practical expedient." The practical expedient allows net asset value per share to represent fair value for reporting purposes when the criteria for using this method are met. These investment funds are held as units or interest in institutional funds or limited partnerships, which are stated at NAV or its equivalent. The Foundation uses the NAV as a practical expedient to estimate the fair value, unless it is probable that all or a portion of the investment will be sold for an amount different than NAV. The Foundation has not categorized these investments in levels within the fair value hierarchy table.

Notes to Financial Statements

The following tables present the financial investments carried at fair value as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 by the fair valuation hierarchy defined above:

			June 30,	2021	
	Quoted Prices in	Significant			_
	Active Markets	Other	Significant		
	for Identical	Observable	Unobservable	Investments	
	Investments	Inputs	Inputs	Reported at	Total
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	NAV*	Fair Value
Investments					
Cash equivalents and money market funds ⁽¹⁾) \$ 4,079,162 \$; - <u> </u>	;	; - :	4,079,162
Commonfund ⁽²⁾	-	- `	-	2,767,488	
Investment in special strategies - USMF ⁽³⁾	-	-	376,777,592	-	376,777,592
Total investments	\$ 4,079,162\$; - 5	\$ 376,777,592 \$	2,767,488	383,624,242
Assets held under split	t				
interest agreements	\$ 3,863,777\$	- (- \$	- 9	3,863,777

^{*} Certain investments that are measured at fair value using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the accompanying statements of financial position.

					June 30,	2020	_
	Act fo In	ted Prices in cive Markets or Identical vestments (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	ι	Significant Jnobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Investments Reported at NAV*	Total Fair Value
Investments							
Cash equivalents and money market funds ⁽¹⁾ Commonfund ⁽²⁾	\$	4,867,272 S	- -	\$	- <u>(</u>	5 - \$ 2,148,538	4,867,272 2,148,538
Investment in special strategies - USMF ⁽³⁾		-	-		301,098,807	-	301,098,807
Total investments	\$	4,867,272	-	\$	301,098,807	2,148,538 \$	308,114,617
Assets held under split interest agreements	t \$	3,418,265	; -	\$	- 5	5 - \$	3,418,265

^{*} Certain investments that are measured at fair value using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the accompanying statements of financial position.

Notes to Financial Statements

- (1) Cash equivalents and money market funds include amounts invested in accounts with depository institutions that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash. Total deposits maintained at these institutions at times exceed the amount insured by federal agencies and therefore, bear a risk of loss. The Foundation has not experienced such losses on these funds. The Foundation invests in these assets to maintain liquidity for spending needs. These investments are classified as Level 1. Valuations are based on quoted market prices.
- (2) The Commonfund Multistrategy Equity Fund invests in a broad spectrum of equity strategies, most of which are traded on a national stock exchange. The Commonfund is however not publicly traded. Fair value is based on the Commonfund's net asset value based on the practical expedient. The Foundation invests in the Commonfund to diversify their equity portfolio and gain exposure to the overall direction of global equity markets.
- (3) Investments in special strategies are invested by USMF on behalf of UMBF in a unitized portfolio, which utilizes an array of different investment strategies. The Foundation invests in the unitized portfolio to benefit from economies of scale to gain access to the underlying investment strategies. The Foundation has a unitized ownership interest in this portfolio and does not have direct ownership of the underlying investments in the portfolio. The investment in special strategies-USMF is presented in Level 3 in the chart above as the portfolio does not trade in an active market, pricing inputs are unobservable and the portfolio is subject to certain redemption restrictions consistent with those of the underlying investments in the portfolio, as discussed below, and subject to the discretion of the management of USMF. The fair value of the special strategies-USMF investment has been estimated using the unit value per share of the portfolio based on unobservable inputs and relies on underlying general partners and investment managers for pricing information. The Foundation has no outstanding unfunded commitments to the USMF unitized portfolio at June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Due to the limited availability of valuation data as of USMF's year-end, management utilizes the most recent NAV or ownership percentage which may be on a month to quarter lag. Management adjusts the net asset value or ownership percentage to be more representative of the year-end fair value by including capital contributions, and redemptions or returns of capital during the gap period. Net capital activity during the gap periods increased management's estimates \$6.0M and \$8.1M for years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Management will also adjust for known performance adjustments for private investments that hold publicly traded securities. Performance adjustments ranged from 0.38% to 5.95% for those investments on a one-month lag. No performance adjustments are made to investments on a quarter lag given the unobservability of investment performance at the time of the report issuance.

USMF believes the carrying value of private investments in the consolidated statements of financial position is a reasonable estimate of its ownership interest in the private investment funds. As part of their overall valuation process, management evaluates these third-party methodologies to ensure that they are representative of exit prices in the security's principal markets. Management performs a retroactive review of its fair value estimates by comparing to actual year-end statements received subsequent to year-end.

These valuation methods may produce a fair value estimate that may not be reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Foundation believes that its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine fair value could result in a materially different estimate of fair value at the reporting date. The Foundation's alternative investments are held with sophisticated investment managers

Notes to Financial Statements

who received audited financial statements during the year that aid in management's ability to approximate fair value.

The following table shows purchases and sales for financial instruments classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy at:

June 30,	2021	2020
Purchases of portfolio investments Proceeds from sale of distribution of investments	\$ 45,494,332 \$ 27,223,990	40,600,599 30,345,989

The following table is a breakout of investments reported at NAV as defined above:

Investment Strategy	June 30, 2021 Fair Value	June 30, 2020 Fair Value	Unfund Commitm		Redemption Frequency	Notice Period (Days)
Public equity	\$ 2,767,488	\$ 2,148,538	\$	-	Monthly	5

5. Management of Investments

The Foundation has signed an investment management agreement with USMF, whereby funds held by the Foundation will be invested according to the policies set and approved by USMF's Board of Directors. USMF serves as recordkeeper under this agreement and investment manager of approximately 98% of the Foundation's investments at June 30, 2021 and 2020. This agreement also allows the Foundation to invest its assets in USMF investment pools. The remaining investments are in three separately managed investment pools at June 30, 2021 and 2020. Approximately \$6.8 million and \$7 million is directly invested by management in three investment pools - the Law School Bond Fund, the PNC Money Market Fund, and the Commonfund Multi-Strategy Equity Fund at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The assets in these funds consisted of donations and earnings at June 30, 2021 and 2020. The other investments of trusts and annuities are managed and directly invested by a third-party custodian.

6. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Foundation maintains cash in bank accounts in amounts that may exceed Federally insured limits at times. The Foundation has not experienced any losses in these accounts in the past and believes that it is not exposed to significant credit risk because the accounts are deposited with major financial institutions. The Foundation believes it has limited credit risk associated with accounts receivable and contributions receivable due to the size of the amount owed and its donor base.

Notes to Financial Statements

7. Contributions Receivable

Promised contributions are due as follows at June 30:

	2021	2020
Due within one year Due within one to five years More than five years	\$ 28,388,293 \$ 19,489,123 202,000	26,327,798 11,206,723 468,176
Subtotal	48,079,416	38,002,697
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts Less: unamortized discount	(2,118,011) (352,701)	(2,089,826) (453,865)
Contributions receivable, net	45,608,704	35,459,006
Less: contributions receivable - non- current portion	(19,132,192)	(11,080,039)
Contributions receivable - current portion	\$ 26,476,512 \$	24,378,967

The discount rate used to calculate the present value component at June 30, 2021 and 2020 was 0.46% and 0.18%, respectively. The difference between the fair value of contributions receivable and the carrying value is deemed to be immaterial for financial statement purposes.

8. Conditional Promises to Give and Intentions (Unaudited)

Various contributors have informed the Foundation of intentions to give approximately \$94 million and \$91 million at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. These intentions relate primarily to bequests and revocable trusts, which can be changed and/or amended at the contributor's discretion. These amounts are not recorded in the accompanying financial statements as they are deemed conditional promises to give.

9. Endowments

The Foundation's endowment consists of approximately 755 individual accounts established for a variety of purposes. The endowment includes both donor-restricted endowment funds and funds that function as endowment funds. The net assets associated with endowment funds, including those that function as endowment are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Board of Trustees of the Foundation has interpreted the "Maryland Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act" (MUPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of at least 95% of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as net assets with donor restrictions, (a) the original value of the gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The Foundation

Notes to Financial Statements

considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the endowment fund
- (2) The purposes of the Foundation and the endowment fund
- (3) The general economic conditions
- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- (6) Other resources of the Foundation
- (7) The investment policies of the Foundation

The Foundation's endowment funds consist of the following as of June 30, 2021:

	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total
Board designated endowment funds Donor-restricted endowment funds: Original donor-restricted gift amount and amounts required to be held in	\$ 6,981,721	\$ -	\$ 6,981,721
perpetuity by donors	-	218,762,349	218,762,349
Other restricted endowment funds	-	393,490	393,490
Funds treated as endowment funds	-	8,111,453	8,111,453
Accumulated investment gains	1,613,284	91,247,235	92,860,519
Total	\$ 8,595,005	\$ 318,514,527	\$ 327,109,532

The Foundation's endowment funds consist of the following as of June 30, 2020:

	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total
Board designated endowment funds Donor-restricted endowment funds: Original donor-restricted gift amount and amounts required to be held in	\$ 5,968,564	\$ -	\$ 5,968,564
perpetuity by donors Other restricted endowment funds	-	203,525,252 393,490	203,525,252 393,490
Funds treated as endowment funds Accumulated investment gains	- - 194,785	6,655,050 40,331,307	6,655,050 40,526,092
Total	\$ 6,163,349	\$ 250,905,099	\$ 257,068,448

Notes to Financial Statements

Changes in Endowment Net Assets

The following table represents the changes in endowment net assets for the years ended:

		Without donor		With donor		
June 30, 2021		restrictions		restrictions		Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of the year	\$	6,163,349	\$	250,905,099	\$	257,068,448
Contributions and grants	_	1,013,157	-	16,684,149	-	17,697,306
Investment return, net		1,418,499		61,520,691		62,939,190
Appropriation of endowment assets for		, , ,		, ,		,, ,, ,
expenditure		_		(7,520,259)		(7,520,259)
Endowment fees		_		(3,075,153)		(3,075,153)
				(0,070,100)		(0,010,100)
Endowment net assets, end of the year	\$	8,595,005	\$	318,514,527	\$	327,109,532
June 30, 2020		Without donor restrictions		With donor restrictions		Total
June 30, 2020 Endowment net assets, beginning of the		donor restrictions		restrictions		
Endowment net assets, beginning of the year	\$	donor restrictions 5,258,735	\$	249,412,665	\$	254,671,400
Endowment net assets, beginning of the	\$	donor restrictions 5,258,735 952,127	-	249,412,665 8,838,091	\$	254,671,400 9,790,218
Endowment net assets, beginning of the year	\$	donor restrictions 5,258,735	-	249,412,665	\$	254,671,400
Endowment net assets, beginning of the year Contributions and grants	\$	donor restrictions 5,258,735 952,127	-	249,412,665 8,838,091	\$	254,671,400 9,790,218
Endowment net assets, beginning of the year Contributions and grants Investment return, net	\$	donor restrictions 5,258,735 952,127	-	249,412,665 8,838,091	\$	254,671,400 9,790,218
Endowment net assets, beginning of the year Contributions and grants Investment return, net Appropriation of endowment assets for	\$	donor restrictions 5,258,735 952,127	-	249,412,665 8,838,091 1,191,651	\$	254,671,400 9,790,218 1,144,138

Underwater Endowment Funds

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or MUPMIFA requires the Foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. By policy, the Foundation allows for spending on underwater endowments if the gift instrument allows. There were no underwater endowments as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Return and Risk Objectives

The Foundation has adopted spending policies for the endowment that seek to provide a steady and sustainable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of endowment assets. The investment return objectives of the Foundation are aligned with those of USMF, the custodian.

The USMF Investment Committee governs according to fundamental investment principles, approved by the Investment Committee and USMF Board of Directors, with the objective of achieving superior risk-adjusted returns in order to grow the corpus of the capital base and provide capital for spending distributions for constituents. Specifically, the goal of the endowment is to achieve returns in excess of inflation plus spending plus fees. Within the context of risk-taking, specific risk metrics are

Notes to Financial Statements

outlined for staff and the Investment Committee to reassess the portfolio's positioning if these levels are breached.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

To satisfy its objectives, USMF employs a diversified asset allocation that allows for investment in public risk assets (liquid investments), private risk assets (illiquid portion of the portfolio), intermediate assets (private assets with shorter, finite illiquidity periods) and safe assets (cash and U.S. Government securities and prime money market funds). In addition, on an as needed basis to further protect capital, assets may be allocated to the portfolio overlay class (liquid, exchange traded instruments that aim to hedge against undesired risks).

The asset allocation target ranges inclusive of these securities as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Policy		
Asset Class	Target	Minimum	Maximum
Safe Assets	3%	0%	25%
Intermediate Assets	15%	5%	25%
Public Risk Assets	52 %	25%	75 %
Private Risk Assets	30%	10%	75 %

The asset allocation target ranges inclusive of these securities as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Policy		
Asset Class	Target	Minimum	Maximum
Safe Assets	2%	0%	25%
Intermediate Assets	15%	5%	25%
Portfolio Overlay	0%	0%	5%
Public Risk Assets	48%	40%	75%
Private Risk Assets	35%	20%	40%

The USMF endowment portfolio is constructed based on the following principles:

- (1) Allocation: The overall goal of the USMF Investment Committee in establishing the asset class ranges is to create balance across the portfolio between sources of return, liquidity timeliness, and types of risk. The purpose and definition of each asset class and sub-class is as follows:
 - a) <u>Safe Assets</u> are defined as investments with little-to-no principal risk. These assets are cash, U.S. Government securities and prime market funds. This portion of the portfolio is in place to provide capital preservation and stability during volatile periods as well as facilitate spending and capital call requirements. Maintaining safe assets minimizes the risk of becoming forced sellers of assets during moments of market stress.
 - b) <u>Intermediate Assets</u> represent private, finite life investment vehicles whose term is generally longer than public risk assets, but shorter than private risk assets. Since there is modest illiquidity within these investments, they seek to earn returns above market lending rates, but not as high as private risk assets. Many strategies within this asset class have a credit or contractual yield orientation, with lower correlations to public equity markets.

Notes to Financial Statements

These include strategies such as direct lending, distressed lending/sales, and niche credit opportunities. In many cases, collateral is attached to these investments and/or they seek a higher priority of payments within a stressed or distressed environment. They offer idiosyncratic return/risk profiles that are generally more predictable and consistent; thereby aiming to reduce overall portfolio risk in tandem with earning attractive returns.

- c) <u>Portfolio Overlay</u> is another line of defense for capital preservation. Allocation towards this asset class will be infrequent and in line with protecting the entire portfolio from unwanted risks and market shocks. This is achieved through a number of liquid exchange traded instruments that aim to hedge against undesired risks. The target allocation is set to zero percent because allocating capital to this asset class will only be on an as needed, opportunistic basis.
- d) <u>Public Risk Assets</u> define the primarily liquid investments. These investments are traded in liquid markets/exchanges. Within this section of the portfolio, a number of uncorrelated objectives across equity and credit managers and instruments are sought.

Orientations vary as they seek growth, value, momentum, inflation protection, and/or catalyst driven events. Some of these investments will track closely to market indices, with a goal to earn or exceed the benchmark return, but with less risk than the benchmark. Other investments will not closely follow a market benchmark, as they seek to offer broad diversification for the aggregate portfolio, while still earning high risk adjusted returns, while muting general equity market volatility when possible.

- e) <u>Private Risk Assets</u> are the illiquid portion of the portfolio, serving as the primary return enhancement over broad public equity markets. Because of the long-term nature of the endowment's capital, the portfolio can hold illiquid investments that may take years for profit realization. While the use of capital is sacrificed during this timeframe, these investments are held to higher hurdles of performance, as they are expected to earn a significant return premium over public market equivalent investments. These investments seek to invest in the debt and/or equity of businesses as well as physical assets. A wide variety of strategies are utilized across varied geographies, sectors, and liquidity profiles, so as to achieve market and vintage year diversification.
- (2) Diversification: By allocating funds to asset classes whose returns are not highly correlated over time, the USMF Investment Committee aims to mitigate some of the volatility inherent in equities and thereby provide greater stability in spending distributions than might be possible with a more concentrated portfolio. Although such diversification means the endowment may not reap all of the benefits of equity bull markets, it will also avoid the full brunt of bear markets. No more than 5% of the endowment fund's assets may be invested in one fund and no more than 10% of the endowment fund's assets may be invested in one manager. The USMF Investment Committee, however, may make an exception in special circumstances.
- (3) **Rebalancing:** In order to reap the benefits of diversification, portfolio holdings will be rebalanced as necessary to ensure that the actual portfolio asset allocation does not deviate materially from policy target allocations ranges.

Notes to Financial Statements

Spending Policy and Relationship of Spending Policy to Investment Objectives

The Foundation has a spending rate policy for endowment funds in order to preserve the purchasing power of the assets, to protect against erosion of nominal principal and to promote stability and predictability of annual budgeting. The spending rate determines the amount to be distributed for current spending. If the agreement with the donor so provides, any amounts remaining after annual distributions are reinvested and become part of the corpus. If the agreement is silent as to earnings in excess of distributions, then under Foundation policy any amounts remaining after the distributions are reinvested and available for future spending. Some agreements provide that the corpus can be invaded to provide for spending stability.

The Foundation's policy of appropriating as of July 1 of the fiscal year was based on the following:

The Board of Directors has authorized a formulaic approach as an advisory tool to determine the annual spending rate. The approach is a combination of the following two factors by weighting (a) 30% and (b) 70% to calculate a per unit rate. Once calculated, the rate should be between 3.5% and 4.5% of the moving average market value for the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Spending rates may not violate any donor restrictions.

- a) Compute the average market value for the most recent period ending December 31 using the previous twenty (20) quarters. Calculate 5% of this average market value. This is equivalent of using a moving average as each year the first four quarters drop off and the most recent four quarters are added.
- b) Calculate an adjusted spending rate using the prior year's percentage increased by the Higher Education Price Index (HEPI).

After considering the formulaic approach and other relevant inputs, an annual spending rate is established. The spending rates for both 2021 and 2020 were 4.0%. The approved spending rate for 2022 is 4.0%.

Newly created individual endowment funds, in order to have annual spendable income, must be invested for at least three months prior to the calculation date and meet minimum value requirements.

In establishing this policy, the Finance Committee considered the long-term expected return on the endowment and its goal of preserving principal. Accordingly, over the long term, the Board of Trustees expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to grow at a rate that protects capital on an inflation-adjusted basis.

A request must be made to carry-over unspent appropriated funds for one year.

Notes to Financial Statements

10. Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net asset balances with donor restrictions of the Foundation consist of the following at:

June 30,		2021	2020
Subject to the Foundation's spending policy and appropriation: Investment in perpetuity (including original gift amounts of \$218,762,349 in 2021 and \$203,525,252 in 2020), with gains that once appropriated, is expendable to support:			
Program support	\$	91,600,847	\$ 73,894,686
Student support	•	60,396,397	47,583,545
Faculty support		159,493,974	124,158,594
Research		6,819,889	5,105,810
Capital projects		203,420	162,464
		318,514,527	250,905,099
Subject to expenditure for specific purpose:			
Program support		27,403,803	23,722,186
Student support		24,737,917	12,690,074
Faculty support		2,073,472	1,945,228
Research		7,737,749	7,839,193
Capital projects		6,457,481	6,076,946
		68,410,422	52,273,627
Total	\$	386,924,949	\$ 303,178,726

During the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes specified by the donor or by the passage of time, as follows:

	2021	2020
Program support	\$ 8,047,420	\$ 6,836,503
Student support	3,597,593	4,715,599
Faculty support	4,571,976	3,668,606
Research	1,784,829	1,720,995
Capital projects	768,569	3,131,426
Total	\$ 18,770,387	\$ 20,073,129

Notes to Financial Statements

11. Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

The Foundation implemented Board-designated reserve policies as approved by the Board of Trustees to simplify and better reflect current economic realities. The following reflects the net assets for specific purposes within board-designated net assets at:

June 30,	2021	2020
Board-Designated Net Assets Operating budget Net assets were established to cover the Foundation's annual operating budget	\$ 3,322,370 \$	3,475,938
Scholarship Board-Designated fund Scholarship match related to endowment Other scholarship matching funds	8,595,005 2,927,331	6,163,349 2,592,626
Total Board-designated net assets	14,844,706	12,231,913
Undesignated net assets	31,916,344	32,092,385
Total	\$ 46,761,050 \$	44,324,298

12. Description of Program and Supporting Services

The following program and supporting services are included in the statements of functional expenses:

Campus Programs

These expenses are associated with maintaining and improving the schools and units throughout UMB's campus for the day-to-day operations including university advancement, alumni activities, conferences, seminars and special events.

Student and Faculty Support

These expenses are associated with student scholarships, awards and related activities. Faculty support is to assist in the various department's ability to fund the chair of the department, professorship, fellowship and other faculty support and related expenses.

Research

This program is designed to assist departments with costs related to expanding research in many academic fields. Costs such as lab equipment, materials and computer programs are included in this area.

Capital Projects

These expenses include the construction, repair and maintenance of buildings and equipment throughout the UMB campus.

Notes to Financial Statements

General and Administrative

These expenses relate to the day-to-day operation of the administrative, accounting office of the Foundation, including salary reimbursement to UMB.

Fundraising

These expenses are associated with fundraising initiatives and activities throughout UMB's campus.

13. Transfers from USMF

Prior to the establishment of the Foundation, USMF held funds that were contributed for the benefit of the University of Maryland, Baltimore. USMF is a separately incorporated, independent foundation that manages funds received for the benefit of the University System of Maryland. During fiscal year 1999, the Maryland State Legislature passed legislation allowing each University System of Maryland institution to establish its own separate, affiliated foundation. In July 1999, the Foundation was incorporated and on July 10, 2000, \$39,169,017 in operating funds was transferred from USMF to the Foundation.

The Foundation has signed an investment management agreement whereby funds of the Foundation will be invested by USMF, on behalf of the Foundation, according to the policies set by USMF's Investment Committee. USMF is the custodian of the Foundation investment assets under this agreement.

14. Split-Interest Agreements Requirements

As required by various State regulations, the Foundation internally reserves cash and investments in the amount of \$3,863,777 and \$3,418,265 associated with annuity liabilities of \$2,298,669 and \$2,202,594 as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

15. Related Party Transactions

Foundation personnel are employees of the University of Maryland Baltimore. The University administers all payroll and fringe benefit costs. The Foundation reimburses the University for these costs on a quarterly basis, estimating the salary costs of individuals devoting effort to the Foundation. The amount reimbursed by the Foundation to the University was \$1,750,282 and \$1,735,889 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

16. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

During the course of its operations, the Foundation may be exposed to various forms of litigation, claims and assessments. As of June 30, 2021, management was not aware of any such matters that could have a material effect on the Foundation's financial position, change in net assets, or cash flows.

17. Subsequent Events

The Foundation evaluated subsequent events through October 19, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no events that required adjustments to or disclosure in the financial statements.